



The Role Of Village-Owned Enterprises In The Development Of Cattle With A Profit Sharing System In Gampong Meunasah Mancang, Meurah District, Two Pidie Jaya Regencies

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ABSTRACT

This study examines the Role of Gampong-Owned Enterprises in growing Cattle with a Profit Sharing System (Case Study of Gampong Meunasah Mancang, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency. This research was carried out in Gampong Meunasah Mancang, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency, from March to The same time as May 2022. This type of research is qualitative with a descriptive field research approach. The respondents in this study were aparatur gampong, chairman of BUMG, and bumg members. Secondary data sourced from the profile of gampong, Qanun BUMG Mancang and Gampong Budget (APBG) 2021. Data collection is carried out by interviews, and documentation. The results of this study show that BUMG runs programs to achieve community welfare. It can be concluded that BUMG Mancang plays a very good role in carrying out tasks.

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INTRODUCTION

Indonesia is an archipelagic country with the smallest unit of government of the village which is quite high in number. According to Law No. 6/2014, a village is a legal community unit that has territorial boundaries that are authorized to regulate and manage government affairs, the interests of local communities based on community initiatives, rights of origin, and or traditional rights that are recognized and respected in the system of Government of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia. According to the Central Statistics Agency (2013) the number of villages in Indonesia, both in village administration and village administration, reached 72,944 villages. The number of villages that are quite high is spread throughout Indonesia. The level of development of the village itself is still uneven, especially strengthened by the regional autonomy system as it is today which gives freedom to each region to regulate and take care of its own household, this is what can trigger gaps between regions, including between villages.

Development is an orientation in activities to advance the nation, including the process of realizing the ideals of the state to realize a prosperous society. Village development must be carried out in a planned manner and touch the needs of the Village community. Therefore, the development of the Village must be based on the potential and weaknesses of the Village. To realize the development of the village, the role of community participation is needed, this is because it is the community who is more aware of the problems and potential of the village.

Gampong Owned Enterprise (or abbreviated as village-owned enterprises) is a village business managed by the village government and incorporated. The Gampong Government can establish a Gampong-Owned Enterprise according to Gampong's needs and potential. The establishment of a village-Owned Enterprise is stipulated by the village Regulation. The management of the village Owned Enterprise consists of the village Government and the local Village community. Capital of village-Owned Enterprises can come from the village Government, community savings, government assistance, provincial governments and regency/city governments, loans, or capital participation of other parties or profit-sharing cooperation on a mutually beneficial basis.

One of the Gampong-Owned Enterprises, namely village-owned enterprises owned by village Meunasah Mancang, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency, by grooming cows, fattening cows has been carried out in 2016. At that time, 34 of the four cows were kept by this resident or group of farmers whose shelter was placed at one point of the village. Then now in 2022 the cows have numbered 50 heads. In 2019 village-owned enterprises, a cattle breeding bung owned by Mancang Village, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency, won first place at the Aceh Pertenakan Office, the cow farming group was considered capable of developing the economy of the village community. The distribution of the proceeds from the sale of cattle to 25 village-owned enterprises administrators and the village treasury is worth 35 percent and 65 percent for livestock owners. The maintenance of village cows that were farmed at one point benefited the farmer and became the village treasury. Therefore, researchers are interested in analyzing "The Role of village-owned enterprises cattle development and the profit-sharing system in Mancang Village, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency.

1.2 Purpose

To find out the role of BUMG in the development of cattle with a profit-sharing system in village Meunasah mancang, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency.

1.3 Problem Formulation

Based on the background that has been described above, the formulation of the problem can be obtained as follows: What is the role of village-owned enterprises in the development of cattle with a profit-sharing system in Gampong Meunasah mancang, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency?

1.4 Hypothesis

It is suspected that the role of village-owned enterprises in the development of cattle with a profit-sharing system can improve the welfare of the people of Gampong Meunasah mancang, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency.

1.5 Research Benefits

1. For Researchers

Research is one of the requirements that researchers must do to complete studies and add experience and insight in order to be able to apply the knowledge that has been obtained while attending lectures

2. For Jabal Ghafur University

To add a collection of literature and reading materials, especially for students of the Agribusiness study program and generally for students of the Jabal Ghafur University Study program so that it can be used as a reference for similar research.

3. For Others

This research can be a consideration for the government, especially the village Mancang Village government, regarding the management and level of efficiency and effectiveness of village fund management.

METHOD

This research was carried out in a village-owned business entity Meunasah Mancang in 2022. In this study the researcher used a sampel of 25 respondents, namely villageofficials. Chairman of Village-owned enterprises and Member of Village-owned enterprises. The metodh of data collection out in this study was interview, Documentation. The data analysis technique used is data analisys technique. qualitative with a descriptive field approach research approach.

No.	Types of Land Use	Area (ha)	Percentage (%)
1	Settlement	±21.0	43,75%
2	Paddy	±12.0	25%
3	Gampong Cash Land	±1.0	2,08%
4	Waqf	±4.0	8,3%
5	Miscellaneous	±3.0	6,25%
	Sum	±48	100,0

Table. 1. Land Use Composition of village Meunasah Mancang, 2021

Source: Profil village Meunasah Mancang, 2021

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Overview of Research Locations

Village Meunasah Mancang is a gampong located in the Kuta Baroh settlement, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency. Gampong is located south of the district capital, with a distance of 1.5 km.

- South by Dayah Usen gampong
- South by village Pante Beureune
- West by village Krueng Meureudu
- East by village Dayah Kruet

Village Meunasah Mancang has a total area of ±48, Ha which is divided into 4 hamlets, namely Lam Geundrang Hamlet, Lam Bidok Hamlet, Pulo Simini Hamlet and Lam Rabo Hamlet. The composition of land use includes settlements, rice fields, gampong cash land, Waqf, Citizen Plantations and others. Based on the data above, it can be concluded that the composition of land use is the highest in residential areas, namely 43.75%, rice fields by 25%, village cash land by 2.08%, waqf by 8.3% and others by 6.25%. village Meunasah Mancang has reliefs of the plain area and types of plants that are widely developed including rice, red chili, onion and watermelon.

The total population of Gampong Meunasah Mancang is recorded at 483 people, consisting of 243 male residents and 239 female residents. Livelihoods in village Meunasah Mancang are engaged in the sectors of farmers, laborers, self-employed, civil servants, drivers and other livelihoods.

History of Gampong-Owned Enterprises (BUMG)

Village Owned Enterprise (BUMG) Mancang is a village-Owned Enterprise domiciled in village Meunasah Mancang settlement of Kuta Baroh, Meurah Dua District, Pidie Jaya Regency. BUMG is an Independent and incorporated village Business Entity and its receipt is separate from the village government, and is a partner of keuchik/head of dea in terms of increasing the source of village Native Income (PAG)

Village-Owned Enterprises assists the Village government in development in the economic sector, and Village-Owned Enterprises is directly responsible to the Village Government.

The role of BUMG in the development of cattle herds

Village-owned enterprises is a village business institution managed by the community and the village government in an effort to strengthen the village economy and is formed based on the needs and potential of gampong. So, the existence of village-owned enterprises in the village is as an institution at the village level that carries out business managing assets, pelayanan services, and other businesses based on the potential resources owned by village.

Village-owned enterprises Chairman Meunasah Mancang explained that "In evaluating, village-owned enterprises is certainly assisted by the Gampong Device and Tuha Peut as protectors and supervisors certainly considering suggestions from the community". The assessment conducted by village-owned enterprises Meunasah Mancang on increasing income and welfare of the village community itself.

CONCLUSION

The management village-owned enterprises Meunasah Mancang has mostly been carried out in accordance with the regulations in the village ministerial regulation. Development of underdeveloped areas, and transmigration of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4 of 2015 concerning the establishment, management and management, and dissolution of Village-Owned Enterprises. From the results of the study, it can be concluded that the role of village-owned enterprises Meunasah Mancang is very good in carrying out its duties.

SUGGESTION

From the results of this study, it can be stated that there are several suggestions as follows

1. Village-owned enterprises to play a more important role in improving the welfare of the people of village by involving community participation and maximizing the management of village assets.
2. Further research is expected to be research on the comparative analysis of bumg management of several places or village.

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